

AGRIQUALITY NZ LTD REPORT TO THE ANNUAL CONFERENCE OF THE NATIONAL BEEKEEPERS' ASSOCIATION OF NEW ZEALAND: QUEENSTOWN 25-26 JULY 2001

1 PERSONNEL

During the year the apiary section was staffed by 3 full time equivalents. David McMillan at Invermay and Dave Grueber at Blenheim increased their hours to full time in the business group, James Driscoll left to manage one of AgriQuality's main laboratories in Wellington, and Paul Bolger is still on secondment to MAF. AgriQuality Management has agreed to advertise for 2 more full time apiculture officer positions on a contract basis until secondments and income streams become clearer. One of the positions may be contingent on securing an offshore contract currently under negotiation.

2 BEEKEEPER, APIARY AND HIVES STATISTICS

There are 4550 beekeepers, 20993 apiaries and 308940 hives at the end of 30 June 2001. By comparison there were 4956 beekeepers, 22443 apiaries and 320113 hives at the end of June 2000. Beekeeper numbers have decreased by 406 (8.2%) over the 12 months with all apiary registration districts showing a decrease in numbers. Auckland is the worse affected area with respect to varroa and recorded a net loss of 91 beekeepers. This trend is expected to continue as beekeepers feel the effects of winter and spring losses from varroa, free government treatment for varroa is withdrawn, and the 354 beekeepers from the Whangarei Apiary Registration District (which includes Auckland) return outstanding ADR's. Apiary numbers have decreased by 1450 (6.5 %) while hive numbers decreased by 11173 (3.5%).

3 ANNUAL DISEASE RETURNS (ADR'S)

Mailing of 4841 ADR's was completed on 19 April 2001. The ADR's were due back to AgriQuality on 1 June 2001 but by the due date there were still 2310 defaulters. Reminder letters were sent to these beekeepers on 14 June and these beekeepers had 14 days to return their declarations. By the due return date of 1 July there were 1451 defaulters and this list was forwarded to the NBA. As at 30 June 2001 there are still 1304 defaulters (27%) with outstanding ADR's.

4 DISEASE ELIMINATION CONFORMITY AGREEMENTS (DECA'S) & CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION (COI)

As at 30 June 2001 there were 2988 beekeepers with a DECA and a Certificate of Inspection Exemption. These beekeepers are able to inspect their own hives for disease and make reports to AgriQuality (on behalf of the Management Agency) on the authorised forms. Beekeepers without an inspection exemption must get a beekeeper with a DECA to inspect and report on the disease status of their colonies. There were 545 beekeepers who had returned their Certificate of Inspection (COI). Lists of COI defaulters, as at December 15 2000, were supplied to the NBA as required. DECA's were withdrawn from 2 beekeepers during the year on instructions from the NBA.

5 PMS INSPECTION

5.1 Number & percentage AFB apiaries and hives found

AgriQuality and the NBA found 29 apiaries (9.2%) and 113 hives (4.9%) infected with

American foulbrood (AFB) in the period 1 July 2000 to 30 June 2001. The total number of AFB found or reported by beekeepers and AgriQuality for this period was 714 apiaries (3.7%) and 1369 hives (0.46%) from 242 beekeepers (4.7%). Note; these figures also include those found by the NBA and AgriQuality inspectors reported above.

By comparison 660 apiaries (2.9%) and 1293 hives (0.4%) were found or reported to be infected with AFB for the year ending 30 June 2000. While the percentage of infected apiaries and hives has increased this year this is partially due to a decrease in the actual number of apiaries and hives as the number of infected apiaries and hives is not that different from last year.

5.2 Number and percentage of samples taken by beekeepers for lab testing

AgriQuality wrote to 152 beekeepers requiring them to submit 1064 samples, made up of 630 honey samples and 434 bee samples. Beekeepers were chosen on the basis of past disease histories in their hives and hive holdings. AgriQuality also took some samples and other samples were submitted by beekeepers as suspect AFB.

A reminder letter was sent out on 11 May as the return of samples to that date had been poor with only 330 samples having been received by the lab. The usual problems were experienced despite clear instructions being supplied. Common problems included no lab submission forms with the samples, improper packaging leading to breakage or leakage, honey and wax not separated and insufficient bees in the jar.

To date Horticulture and Research advise that 1018 samples have been received by the lab. Of this number 61 were larvae or comb from suspect hives, 633 were honey samples and 324 were bees. Of the bee and honey samples received, 41 tested positive for *Paenibacillus larvae*, but most had only a few colony forming units per culture plate. This should not translate into an AFB infection in the field but beekeepers are being advised to take extra care inspecting their hives in the spring in any case. Horticulture and Research will report more fully on their results and include information on suspects sent in by beekeepers as well as samples not tested to date.

Note: this is an interim report only as the PMS contract with AgriQuality runs until 1 August to collect the samples and the NBA's contract with Horticulture and Research for testing the samples runs until October. More samples will come in after 30 June and will be reported on within the contract periods.

All these samples, collected under the PMS, plus bee samples from exporters, plus any suspects are forwarded to MAF labs at Lincoln or Wallaceville to be tested for other exotic bee diseases. No exotics were found.

Table 1 Surveillance Monitoring Summary for year ending 31 December 2000

| Samples tested for: | Routine | Suspect | Total | MAF |
|----------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------------|
| | Samples | Samples | Samples | Specification |
| Internal Parasites-tracheal mite | 789 | 9 | 798 | 600 |
| External Parasites | 1592 | 16 | 1608 | 600 |
| European foulbrood | 386 | 269 | 655 | 600 |

5.3 Number of unregistered apiaries found

Seventeen unregistered apiaries were found with 16 being duly registered and one shifted.

5.4 Abandoned apiaries found and or destroyed

Twenty one apiaries and 203 hives were declared as abandoned. Ninety six hives were subsequently destroyed while the owners were found for the remaining hives. The cooperation of

beekeeper AP's in locating, inspecting and destroying these hives is to be commended.

5.5 Number of apiaries and hives inspected by AgriQuality staff or contract AP's

AgriQuality inspected 129 apiaries and 782 hives out of the target 100 apiaries required thus exceeding the specification by 29 apiaries. Palmerston North is over represented because of a regional disease situation and destruction of a number of abandoned apiaries.

5.6 Number of apiaries and hives inspected by the NBA

The NBA inspectors (AP'S) inspected 186 apiaries and 1511 hives according to figures supplied to AgriQuality. The NBA may have more complete figures.

5.7 Number of restricted place notices sent to beekeepers

Twelve notices were sent to 12 beekeepers. All but one beekeeper complied with the notices.

5.8 Number of clinical AFB notified and destroyed by beekeepers with COI's

Forty eight beekeepers, who have a COI, reported finding and destroying 73 hives of AFB in 38 apiaries.

5.9 Number of apiaries and hives held by beekeepers with a COI

There were 1582 beekeepers with COI's as at 30 June 2001. They had 3057 apiaries and 25720 hives.

5.10 Number of apiaries and hives inspected during varroa surveillance

There were 4 exotic bee disease surveillance programmes during this reporting period. Only the first 2 programmes involved inspecting the brood nest for AFB during surveillance for varroa and other exotic bee diseases. The first programme involved re sampling all apiaries within 6 kilometres of the Auckland epicenter or primary cluster, plus the Infected Places or Blips outside the Auckland Hauraki Plains areas. This was carried out in October 2000. Many of the original hives could not be re sampled because they had already been treated with Apistan. However, 10 apiaries (68 hives) in the Auckland area and 1 apiary (33 hives) in the Hokianga were inspected and sampled.

The second area to be surveyed was the Christchurch area in September 2000. AgriQuality and the NBA surveyed 178 apiaries and 1162 hives which included an inspection for AFB. The third varroa programme involved sampling 1800 apiaries and around 30000 hives in the South Island from April to the end of August 2001. Beekeepers were not asked to carry out inspections for AFB during this programme. The other varroa surveillance programme involved surveying hives along, and south of, the movement control line. Again inspectors were not required to look for AFB.

5.11 Number of apiaries and hives found with AFB during varroa surveillance

No AFB was found in Auckland but 12 apiaries containing 17 hives were found during the Christchurch exercise. All AFB hives were destroyed and AgriQuality or AP's followed up all cases to confirm destruction. Some hobby beekeepers with infected hives have subsequently cancelled their registration. One AFB was found during the South Island varroa surveillance but no cases have been reported from the North Island surveillance.

Note- these varroa inspection figures have NOT been recorded in the inspection results for AgriQuality or the NBA.

6 INSPECTION INFORMATION SUPPLIED TO DISEASE COORDINATORS

Full information was supplied to NBA Disease Coordinators where requested to enable them to inspect apiaries and hives. The importance of restricting access to this information was stressed as many beekeepers are sensitive about the location of their apiaries and the bee disease history of their hives. In all cases the inspection lists were produced after discussion with NBA Bee Disease Coordinators. This included work instructions, inspection forms and spread sheets of beekeepers with AFB over the past 5 seasons.

7 APIARY DATABASE

Information was entered into the database as supplied by beekeepers. Every care is taken to transcribe data accurately and code apiaries to the correct Inspection Districts. Registrars are aware of the frustrations and costs for field teams working off inaccurate data. New programmes were written at the request of MAF allowing for better tracking of varroa finds and allocating inspection lists to varroa surveillance teams

Gone No Addresses are followed up using local knowledge, the White Pages on the Internet or Electoral Rolls, to locate the beekeeper or the property owner where the apiary was located or anyone else who may be able to give a lead as to the whereabouts of the beekeeper and his or her hives. Beekeepers are requested and encouraged to supply full apiary information especially apiary grid references, and be very clear in their instructions regarding cancelling their registration or an apiary(s) location.

8 AUTHORISED PERSON TRAINING

244 beekeepers (126 South Island, 118 North Island) received training so they could be warranted as Level Two Authorised Persons (AP's) under the Biosecurity Act. A Level Two Authorised Person has the powers to enter land, to inspect, sample and destroy bees or beekeeping equipment, under the direction of a Level One Authorised Person. These beekeepers have been trained in inspection and sampling techniques for differential diagnosis of endemic and exotic bee diseases.

9 HONEY PRODUCTION

Honey crops were variable but an above average crop of 9144 tonnes was produced for the whole country (6 year average 8842 tonnes). Some areas like the Waikato produced just 672 tonnes, which is the lowest crop in 20 years (6 year average 1266 tonnes). The Bay of Plenty produced 794 tonnes, which was also well down on the 6 year average of 1203 tonnes.

Table 2 New Zealand Honey Crop for 2000 - 2001

| YEAR | Northland, Auckland, Hauraki Plains | Waikato, King Country, Taupo | Bay of Plenty, Coromandel, Poverty Bay | Hawkes Bay, Taranaki, Manawatu, Wairarapa | Marlborough, Nelson, Westland | Canterbury North Otago | South & Central Otago, Southland | NZ | Yield per Hive (kgs) |
|-------|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|------|-------------------------------|
| 1996 | 829 | 1639 | 1077 | 1367 | 607 | 1287 | 1804 | 8610 | 30.0 |
| 1997 | 766 | 829 | 933 | 1112 | 919 | 2339 | 1639 | 8537 | 29.7 |
| 1998 | 1014 | 1404 | 1314 | 1230 | 598 | 1238 | 1283 | 8081 | 27.0 |
| 1999 | 615 | 1617 | 1800 | 1416 | 770 | 1782 | 1069 | 9069 | 29.9 |
| 2000 | 982 | 1434 | 1300 | 1323 | 705 | 2310 | 1555 | 9609 | 30.0 |
| 2001 | 869 | 672 | 794 | 1735 | 606 | 2743 | 1725 | 9144 | 29.5 |
| yr av | 846 | 1266 | 1203 | 1364 | 701 | 1950 | 1513 | 8842 | 29.4 |

New Zealand beekeeper, apiary and hive statistics by apiary district as at 21-Jul-2001

| Apiary Register | | Category 0 - 5 Hives | | | |
|------------------|------------|----------------------|-------|--|--|
| Location | Beekeepers | Apiaries | Hives | | |
| Blenheim | 241 | 270 | 531 | | |
| Canterbury | 455 | 534 | 964 | | |
| Hamilton | 265 | 302 | 605 | | |
| Otago/Southland | 222 | 243 | 538 | | |
| Palmerston North | 744 | 826 | 1802 | | |
| Tauranga | 255 | 285 | 588 | | |
| Whangarei | 812 | 875 | 1599 | | |
| Non Zaglani | 1 2004 | 3335 | 6627 | | |

| Apiary Register | | Category | 6 - 10 Hives |
|------------------|--------------|----------|--------------|
| Location | Beekeepers | Apiaries | Hives |
| Blenheim | 44 | 71 | 333 |
| Canterbury | 81 | 143 | 632 |
| Hamilton | 78 | 114 | 647 |
| Otago/Southland | 76 | 112 | 580 |
| Palmerston North | 212 | 309 | 1668 |
| Tauranga | 59 | 81 | 452 |
| Whangarei | 132 | 190 | 1010 |
| New Zealand | <i>l</i> 682 | 1020 | 5322 |

| Apiary Register | | Category 11 - | - 50 Hives |
|------------------|--------------|---------------|------------|
| Location | Beekeepers | Apiaries | Hives |
| Blenheim | 35 | 80 | 806 |
| Canterbury | 45 | 133 | 1070 |
| Hamilton | 29 | 79 | 799 |
| Otago/Southland | 38 | 100 | 983 |
| Palmerston North | 87 | 221 | 2091 |
| Tauranga | 57 | 119 | 1330 |
| Whangarei | 60 | 127 | 1381 |
| New Zealand | ! 351 | 859 | 8460 |

| Apiary Register | Category 51 - 250 I | | | | |
|------------------|---------------------|----------|-------|--|--|
| Location | Beekeepers | Apiaries | Hives | | |
| Blenheim | 24 | 209 | 3497 | | |
| Canterbury | 35 | 381 | 4374 | | |
| Hamilton | 18 | 195 | 2840 | | |
| Otago/Southland | 29 | 302 | 3991 | | |
| Palmerston North | 49 | 411 | 5133 | | |
| Tauranga | 35 | 223 | 3789 | | |
| Whangarei | 36 | 289 | 4182 | | |
| New Zealand | 226 | 2010 | 27806 | | |

| Apiary Register | Category 251 - 500 Hives | | | | |
|------------------|--------------------------|----------|-------|--|--|
| Location | Beekeepers | Apiaries | Hives | | |
| Blenheim | 14 | 288 | 5400 | | |
| Canterbury | 21 | 379 | 6856 | | |
| Hamilton | 10 | 230 | 3598 | | |
| Otago/Southland | 20 | 522 | 8268 | | |
| Palmerston North | 12 | 295 | 4706 | | |
| Tauranga | 10 | 193 | 3089 | | |
| Whangarei | 9 | 188 | 3074 | | |
| New Zealand | 96 | 2095 | 34991 | | |

| Apiary Register | Category 501 - 1000 Hives | | | | | |
|------------------|---------------------------|----------|-------|--|--|--|
| Location | Beekeepers | Apiaries | Hives | | | |
| Blenheim | 12 | 387 | 7507 | | | |
| Canterbury | 24 | 1176 | 17325 | | | |
| Hamilton | 15 | 564 | 11823 | | | |
| Otago/Southland | 21 | 1012 | 14998 | | | |
| Palmerston North | 10 | 380 | 6835 | | | |
| Tauranga | 18 | 573 | 13093 | | | |
| Whangarei | 12 | 368 | 8338 | | | |
| New Zealand | 1 112 | 4460 | 79919 | | | |

| Apiary Register | | Category 1000+ Hives | | | |
|------------------|------------|----------------------|--------|--|--|
| Location | Beekeepers | Apiaries | Hives | | |
| Blenheim | . 6 | 386 | 8288 | | |
| Canterbury | 17 | 1673 | 29678 | | |
| Hamilton | 7 | 1285 | 28230 | | |
| Otago/Southland | 14 | 1192 | 21662 | | |
| Palmerston North | 9 | 1135 | 20958 | | |
| Tauranga | 18 | 1378 | 30169 | | |
| Whangarei | 8 | 503 | 12481 | | |
| New Zealand | 79 | 7552 | 151466 | | |

| Apiary Register | | | Total |
|------------------|------------|----------|--------|
| Location | Beekeepers | Apiaries | Hives |
| Blenheim | 376 | 1691 | 26362 |
| Canterbury | 678 | 4419 | 60899 |
| Hamilton | 421 | 2742 | 48042 |
| Otago/Southland | 420 | 3483 | 51020 |
| Palmerston North | 1123 | 3577 | 43193 |
| Tauranga | 452 | 2852 | 52510 |
| Whangarei | 1069 | 2540 | 32065 |
| New Zealand | 4539 | 21304 | 314091 |

NEW ZEALAND HONEY PRODUCTION, IN TONNES AS AT 30 JUNE ANNUALLY

| | Northland, | Waikato, | Bay of Plenty, | Hawkes Bay, | | Marlborough, | Canterbury*, | South & | | | |
|------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|--------|---------|--------------|
| YEAR | Auckland, | King Country, | Coromandel, | Taranaki, | NORTH | Nelson, | North Otago | Central Otago, | SOUTH | NEW | Yield per |
| | Hauraki | Taupo | Poverty Bay | Manawatu, | ISLAND | Westland | | Southland | ISLAND | ZEALAND | Hive (kgs)** |
| | Plains | | | Wairarapa | | | | / | | | |
| 1996 | 829 | 1639 | 1077 | 1367 | 4912 | 607 | 1287 | 1804 | 3698 | 8610 | 30.0 |
| 1997 | 766 | 829 | 933 | 1112 | 3640 | 919 | 2339 | 1639 | 4897 | 8537 | 29.7 |
| 1998 | 1014 | 1404 | 1314 | 1230 | 4962 | 598 | 1238 | 1283 | 3119 | 8081 | 27.0 |
| 1999 | 615 | 1617 | 1800 | 1416 | 5448 | 770 | 1782 | 1069 | 3621 | 9069 | 29.9 |
| 2000 | 982 | 1434 | 1300 | 1323 | 5039 | 705 | 2310 | 1555 | 4570 | 9609 | 30.0 |
| 2001 | 869 | 672 | 794 | 1735 | 4070 | 606 | 2743 | 1725 | 5074 | 9144 | 29.4 |
| 6 yr ave | 846 | 1266 | 1203 | 1364 | 4679 | 701 | 1950 | 1513 | 4163 | 8842 | 29.4 |
| * Include | es honeydew | | | | | | | | | | |
| ** Total e | stimated prod | uction available f | or extraction divid | ded by total num | ber of regis | tered hives | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

APIARIES AND HIVES WITH AFB TO JUNE 30

| Apiary District | 1 | Apiaries AFB | | | Hives AFB | | |
|------------------|------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | 00/01 | 99/00 | 98/99 | 00/01 | 99/00 | 98/99 | |
| Whangarei | 74 | 79 | 56 | 181 | 152 | 103 | |
| Hamilton | 186 | 156 | 165 | 368 | 269 | 307 | |
| Tauranga | 190 | 169 | 112 | 344 | 358 | 184 | |
| Palmerston North | 77 | 60 | 57 | 135 | 128 | 93 | |
| Blenheim | 59 | 79 | 59 | 121 | 179 | 88 | |
| Canterbury | 64 | 39 | 46 | 106 | 72 | 66 | |
| Invermay | 64 | 78 | 62 | 114 | 135 | 97 | |
| Total | 714 (3.7%) | 660 (2.9%) | 557 (2.6%) | 1369 (0.46%) | 1293 (0.40) | 938 (0.31%) | |